

Sales at Vendue.
On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD
At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and
Water streets.
A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in
the bills of the day. All kinds of goods
which are on limitation and the prices of
which are established, can at any time be
viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation
and prices.

P. G. Marteller, V. M.

Just Received,
AND FOR SALE BY
CHARLES I. CAULETT,
73 chests Imperial, Hyson, & Young
Hyson Teas.
20,000 lbs. prime Green Coffee.
20 pipes and 8 quarter casks Lisbon
and Tenerife Wine.
8 hogheads Muscovado Sugar.
2000 lbs. Seine Twine.
50 boxes Mould Candles.
50 do Spanish Sagars.
8 barrels Pimento.
October 16.

ROBERT GRAY,
BOOK-SELLER, KING-STREET,
Has just received for sale the following
titles:
Talleyrand's Memoirs concerning the com-
mercial relations of the United States with
England.
Zollikoff's Sermons on Education.
Remarks on Adams' Review of Ames'
works.
Mrs. Chapone's works.
Macknight on the Epistles, vol. 1st, to be
comprised in 6 vols. octavo—price to sub-
scribers 2 dollars. 50 cts. in boards.
Guthrie's Geographical, Historical, and
Commercial Grammar, improved, 2 vols.
octavo.
The works of President Edwards, 8 vols.
octavo.
The works of Dr. Bush, 4 vols. octavo.
Atlas of the Land Division.
Brooks' Gazetteer.
Hutchinson's Xenophon.
Gilson's and Jesso's Surveying.
Murphy's Lucian.
Baker's Columbian, 2 vols. 12mo.
American Register, vol. 5th.
Dr. Ramsay's History of South Carolina,
2 vols. octavo, boards—price 5 dollars. 50 cts.
Subscriptions received by R. Gray
or the Monthly Anthology, Macknight on
the Epistles, and a new American Dispens-
atory, all now publishing by subscription in
town.

MUSCOVADO SUGAR.
About 130,000 lbs. of Muscovado Sugars
of a superior quality in casks, weighing from
18 to 23 hundred each, will be sold on ge-
nerous terms, on application to
James Patton,
or
Marteller & Young.
March 18.

Just Received and for Sale,
5 chests of Hyson Tea
2 do. Young Hyson do.
200 pieces Company Yellow Nankeens,
first chop—all of the latest importations.
150 do. Blue do. first chop
12 doz. tortoiseshell Combs, first quality
20 silk covered hats.
AND ON HAND,
Factory Cotton, different numbers, white
and colored
Country Shirting and Chambray & Stripes
Bedding
300 p. fr Morocco Slippers
A quantity of Flax
Cotton in bales
Beef in barrels
Current Wine by the barrel
2000 bushels Seed Potatoes.
May 31.

LANDING THIS DAY,
From on board the ship *Amist*, and for
sale by the subscriber,
30 hnds. Muscovado SUGAR.
59 bags and 3 bbls.

PRIME GREEN COFFEE.
Jacob Morgan,
Tucker's wharf.
Who will give Cash for good
W. O. hoghead and barrel STAVES.
May 1.

FOR BOSTON.

The regular trading Brig
LOGAN,
Joseph Hammett, Master,
Will sail in five days, and will
take two hundred barrels on freight—for
which, or passage, having excellent accom-
modations, apply to
Lawrafton and Fowle,
Who have received by said Brig and for sale
4 cases China Sinchaws and
Sarsaparilla
20 boxes Dipt Candles.
May 26.

Thirty Dollars Reward
Will be given for apprehending and secur-
ing in jail negro **SOLOMON**, who was seen
lurking about the suburbs of Alexandria this
morning; he is of low stature, about twenty
years old, and had on an old white hat, brown
coat and striped pantaloons—a good deal worn.
It is supposed he is now in town. All per-
sons are hereby forewarned from harboring
or carrying off said negro.
Thomas Hutton.
May 3—8. dtf

Bryan Hampson. & Co.

Have just received and offer for sale,
10 hnds. and 50 barrels first quality sugar
29 do. second quality.
10 pipes old London particular Madeira,
3 pipes and 3 tierces London market and
15 quarter casks Malaga WINEs,
20 boxes dipt Candles,
2 hnds. old Jamaica Spirits,
1 pipe old Cognac Brandy,
50 barrels New England Rum,
40 do prime Whiskey,
10 chests Imperial,
10 do Young Hyson TEAS, of this years
importation,
And selected for family use.
ALSO, the best selected Flour for do.

Union College Lottery.

State of the wheel after the 59th day's
drawing.
3 prizes of 25,000 dollars each.
1 10,000
2 2,000
1 250 tickets.
3 of 1000 dolls.
15 500
15 200
23 100
61 50
101 20
3503 10
Total gain of the Wheel 74460 dolls.
Present price of tickets 25 dollars.
Cash or warranted undrawn tickets given
for prizes as soon as drawn, by
R. Gray.
June 3.

Joseph H. Mandeville,
HAS JUST RECEIVED & FOR SALE,
20 bales of Cotton.
10 hogheads 3d and 4th proof good West-
India Spirits.
20 do. Sugar, various qualities.
10 tierces New Rice.
5 hogheads Molasses.
5 do. Copperas.
3 do. Alum.
50 barrels Whiskey and 30 barrels New
England Rum.
20 chests of Imperial, Young Hyson, and
Hyson Spin Teas.
Port, Madeira, Lisbon, Sherry, Malaga,
and Catalonia Wines.
500 barrels of Herrings and Shad.
50 barrels Herrings, put up with particu-
lar care and salt-petred.
3000 bushels Liverpool and Lisbon Salt, &c.
July 2.

ISAAC KELL,
Coppersmith, Plumber, and Tin-Plate
Worker,

HAVING REMOVED from Water to
Prince street, two doors above the
corner of the late Col. Hooe, informs those
who have hitherto favored him with their
custom, and those who may be disposed to
do so, that he will thankfully receive and
endeavor to merit their favors.
Cash or exchange given for old Copper,
Brass, Pewter or Lead.

WANTED,
A BOY of good morals as Apprentice to
the above business.
March 22.

LANDING.

From on board the *Harrell* Packet and for sale
by the subscriber,
7 hogheads Muscovado Sugar
24 barrels ditto ditto
10 hogheads retailing Molasses
10 boxes Sallad Oil
21 tierces New Rice, and
40 bags Green Coffee.
ALSO IN STORE,
20 hogheads Sugar, different qualities
3 do. Antigua Rum
15 tierces Rice
47 barrels prime Port
A few half pipes L. P. Tenerife Wine
Cotton in bales
Young Hyson and Hyson Tea in chests
5 kegs Cayendish Tobacco, and
100 bolts English Canvas, No. 1, 2 & 3.
Newton Keene.
May 30.

Public Sale.
Pursuant to an order of the county court of
Fairfax, will positively be sold, at public
sale, on the premises, at twelve o'clock on
Monday the 11th day of June, if fair; if
not, on the next fair day, at the same time
and place; so much of the Tract of Land
known by the name of
WEST GROVE,

As will be sufficient to raise the sum of one
hundred pounds. The part proposed for sale
lies on the south side of Hunting Creek, and
in the vicinity of the bridge. It includes
some handsome acres for building; besides,
several other advantages of situation. Terms
of sale cash.
The above property will be sold at private
sale at any time before the above mentioned
day, on application to **Richard M. Scott, Jas.
Irwin or Francis Hammett, Esquires.**
The Commissioners.
June 1.

FOR SALE,
A valuable Negro Fellow,
Accustomed to the Sea. Apply to the
Printer.

CHARLES BENNETT
HAS REMOVED to the brick dwelling
on Columbus street, a few doors south
of King street, where he offers for sale the
balance of his stock of Goods, on the most
reduced terms and on a liberal credit: they
consist of Chintzes and Calicoes, a few tam-
booured and plain Muslins, Pins, Buttons,
thread and cotton Laces and Edgings, black
Lace Vells and Laces, silk Gloves and Mitts,
Silk Nankeens, Wool Hats, 25 bags Coffee
of a good quality. He gives Cash for To-
bacco and Alexandria and Potomac Bank
stock.
June 7. dtw2w

Thirty Dollars Reward.
RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on
Monday last, a NEGRO MAN named
SHADRACK:
six feet high, about 35 years of age; had on
a shirt and trousers, but it is probable he
may procure other cloaths; has a scar on the
back of his neck, which is the only mark I
recollect his having. It is probable he is
either lurking about Mount Vernon or in A-
lexandria, as his father lives in Alexandria.
The above reward will be paid for appre-
hending and securing said fellow so that I get
him again, and reasonable expenses if bro't
home.
James G. Evans.
Masters of vessels and others are
cautioned against carrying off or harboring
said runaway, as they will be dealt with ac-
cording to law.
Dumfriess, May 30. saw3w

A TOLL KEEPER
IS WANTED at the Occoquan Bridge im-
mediately; none need apply without the
most satisfactory proof of their honesty, in-
tegrity and sobriety. An elderly person
without a family, who is a tradesman, such
as a Taylor, Shoemaker, or Schoolmaster,
would be the most suitable—as it would add
income to himself, and be more agreeable to
the owner. Apply at the town of Occoquan
to
N. Ellicott.
May 30.

Just Received, a few hundred pounds of
the first quality **Wapato**—And for sale
by
BRYAN HAMPSON & CO.
May 22.

NEW MILITARY WORK.

Just Published and for Sale.
At the Bookstore of St. Gray, and Co.
and elsewhere.
Rules and Regulations for the Field Artil-
lery and Minutemen of the French Republic.
Issued August 1st, 1791, and the Manual
was added, which have been since adopted
by the Emperor Napoleon. Also, the Ma-
nuels of the Field Artillery, with Instruk-
tion, By Col. Jeanne Amable de Lacroix, late
Chief of Brigade in the French service. In
three volumes, the third volume containing
of plates.
The principal part of this work has been
translated from French to English, by Lieut.
Col. Macdonald, in the service of his Brit-
annick majesty. Col. de Lacroix has not only
availed himself of Macdonald's translation,
but has retained the principal theories, with
which Col. M. has enriched his work, espe-
cially his comparison of the French tactics
with the Prussian, and the principles of the
different nations, with the English; because
those valuable notes are sufficient for such
comparisons, and are in point. Col. de L.
has augmented these notes.
The introduction of Col. de Lacroix's works
will direct the attention of the young Ameri-
cans to the study of learned tactics, the re-
sult of experience, and enable them to obtain
the precision desirable in the warrior, for
they must be convinced that a good officer
forms a good soldier, and that the experi-
ence of ages has demonstrated, that the sol-
dier will perform his duty correctly, when he
is well commanded.
At the end of the second volume of this
work, Col. de Lacroix has added the man-
uvres of the field artillery with the infantry,
according to the French principles. It is not
necessary to lavish praises on the advantage
of moving this thundering arm, with the same
facility and celerity as the line. Europe is
now convinced and confesses it. He has ad-
ded Plates, which demonstrate those man-
uvres so essential to the great operations of
war, and which will enable officers to execute
them.
Col. de Lacroix has judged it also expedi-
ent to add to this book some new adopted
manuvres, which have been put in practice
to great advantage in the face of an enemy.
To enhance the value of this work is the only
motive could induce him to augment its size.
June 2.

NOTICE.
On SATURDAY, the 30th day of June, in-
stant, will be exposed to sale, at the Coffee
House in Alexandria, between the hours
of twelve and one o'clock, for approved
endured notes at 60 and 90 days—
A piece or parcel of Ground.
situate lying and being upon the south side
of Prince street and in the westward of Union
street, and bounded as follows, to wit:—
Beginning upon Prince street at the north
west corner of a piece of ground granted by
George Glavin to Michael Madden, 91 feet
to the westward of Union street, and running
thence westwardly with Prince street to the
line thereupon 24 feet, thence southwardly
with a line parallel to Water street 24 feet 4
inches, thence eastwardly with a line parallel
to Prince street 20 feet, thence with a straight
line to the beginning 20 feet—which piece of
ground was sold and conveyed by John New-
berts, James Lawrence, and Philip G. Man-
teller unto Abel Willis, and is the premises
now in occupation of said Willis, conveyed
by said Willis to Daniel McClean, in trust
for certain purposes therein named.
DANIEL MCCLEAN, Trustee.
June 7. dtw

TO RENT.
THAT two story DWELLING HOUSE,
occupied by John Higgins. Possession will
be given the first of October. To whom it
would be unnecessary, as the name is so well
known.

ALSO FOR SALE.
A small two story BRICK HOUSE, on
Fitz street, with a lot of 44 feet front
and 102 feet deep.
If not disposed of at private sale before the
30th day of June, it will, on that day, be sold
at public sale.
John Wile.
June 7.

Just Received,
A few pieces first quality **Wapato** for sale by
John G. Ladd.
May 22.

Alexandria Daily Gazette,
COMMERCIAL & POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
Rough street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette 6 Dollars per annum.
Country Gazette, 3 Dollars.

MONDAY, JUNE 11.

Alexandria Price Current.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

FOREIGN ARTICLES.

	Per.	D.	C.	D.	C.
Coffee	lb.	22	25		
Duck, Ruffs	bol.	30	35		
Rarens	lb.	17	19		
Fruit, Raisins	keg	8	8 50		
	box	3	3 50		
Indigo, Spanish (flat)	lb.	2	2 50		
Molasses	gal.	40	55		
Salt, coarse	bus.	45	55		
fine		50	60		
Spices, Nutmegs	lb.	6	7		
Pepper		21	25		
Pimento		26	28		
Spirits Brandy (French) 4th	gal.	2	2 10		
Gin, Holland		1 80	2		
Rum, Jamaica 4th		1 10	1 20		
Andigua 3d		90	1		
Windward		85	90		
2d & 3d					
Sugars, 1st quality	cwt.	10	11 50		
2d & 3d		8	10		
Tons, Imperial	lb.	1 45	1 50		
Hyson		90	1		
Young Hyson		95	1		
Hyson Skin		65	70		
Wines, Madeira	gal.	2	2 30		
Port		1 75	2		
Lubon		1 40	1 45		
Malaga		1	1		

DOMESTIC ARTICLES.

	Per.	D.	C.	D.	C.
Bacon	lb.	13	9	10	
Beef, Moss	bol.	13			
Prime		12			
Bread, Crackers		100	6		
Pilot	lb.	3	3 50		
Ship		3	3 50		
Candles, Mould	lb.	19	21		
Dipt		17	19		
Cheese		8	14		
Cotton, Upland	bol.	7 50	8		
Yish, Mackerel		7 30	8		
Shad		7 30	8		
Herrings		4 50	8		
Flour, superfine	bus.	3 40	1 50		
Grain, Wheat		70	75		
Corn		70	75		
Flaxseed		70	75		
Glass, Window 8 by 40	bol.	13	15		
Gunpowder, Keg	bol.	14	15		
Temp		10	15		
Iron, Barr	bol.	120	125		
Pork, Mess	bol.	18			
Pilms		18			
Spirits, N. E. Rum	gal.	40	45		
Whiskey		65	70		
Sugar, New Orleans	bol.	11	13		
Loaf	lb.	30	31		
Lump		19	20		
Tobacco, Maryland	cwt.	4 50	5		
Potomac		2 50	3 50		

PRICE OF STOCKS.

Alexandria Bank,	par
Potomac do.	par
Marine Insurance	par
Washington Bridge	par
Little River Turnpike	uncertain
Washington and Alexandria do.	par
Exchange on London,	par



Now Landing

From on board Sloop Lydia, from Charles

30 bales Choice COTTON
10 casks New Rice
5 bags Choice Coffee
500 Ruffs, suitable for sailing, etc.,
also various other goods.

IN STORE,
30 barrels excellent Apples
20 good bottles, Cider
5 Saus
A general assortment of Groceries and Trunks
as usual.

R. O. Smith.

FOR SALE.

The HOUSE and LOT at the corner of
Duke and Royal streets, and the property of
John A. Smith, who is now in the
possession of the same, and who is now
preparing to sell the same.

Richard M. Smith, Broker.
No. 100 of N. St.

May 21.

A NARRATIVE
OF THE

STATE OF RELIGION.

Within the bounds of the GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH in the United States of America, during the period of time intervening between May 1809, and May 1810.

The Committee appointed to collect and digest into a connected narrative, the information received in the free communication concerning the state of religion, submit the following report:

THE General Assembly having heard a narrative of the state of religion within their bounds, are happy in having the opportunity of publishing an abstract of it, for the information of the churches under their care. And we begin with thanksgiving to the God and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, for that grace with which it has pleased him to visit a goodly number of our churches. In many instances the arm of the Lord has been made bare; the Prince of Peace has displayed the power and glory of his grace; in the edification of his people, and the conversion of sinners. "Not unto us, O Lord, not unto us, but to thy name be the glory." The state of the church, upon the whole, is favorable; and in particular parts the spirit of GOD has been poured out in copious effusions. In many towns within the bounds of our sister churches in Connecticut, Vermont, Massachusetts, and New-Hampshire, the Gospel of Christ is seen to be the "power of God and the wisdom of God to salvation." Zion is there putting on her beautiful garments; there is flowing, with a full stream, that river which makes glad the city of our God; and the great shepherd is leading his flock to the green pasture, by the living waters.

Advancing towards the south, we see the footsteps of our glorious redeemer, within the bounds of the Presbyteries of Long Island, Hudson and New-York. Jesus shows that he is able to save, even to the uttermost, by the conversion of old and hardened sinners, of open, avowed unbelievers, and of abandoned profligates. The slaves of Satan are delivered from bondage, and admitted into the glorious liberty of the sons of God. In the western parts of the state of New-York, particularly in the newly settled regions, the progress of religion has been great; that desert buda and blazons as the rose and promise under the auspices of grace to become as the garden of the Lord. It is mentioned as a proof of this, that in the space of seven years, the number of ministers of Jesus, in that country has been increased from two to nearly fifty.

Although the revival in New-Jersey, of which the assembly made report to the churches last year, has, in some degree declined, yet we are delighted to hear that the precious fruits of it remain; that apostacies are very rare; that they who name the name of Christ, appear generally to walk worthy of their vocation; and that although the harvest seems for the present to be past, yet still, in many places, the gleanings are considerable.

In the Presbytery of Philadelphia, the work of the Lord goes on, in the congregations of Cape May and Fairfield. Many souls are there brought from darkness to light, and from the power of Satan unto God.

There are tidings also from some parts of the Presbytery of Baltimore, which make glad the hearts of the friends of Zion.

The assembly are happy to learn that the fruits of the great revival in some of the southern states which took place several years ago, still remain; that there also, apostacies are very rare, and professors of religion appear to have their conversation in Heaven. In some instances professional characters formerly notorious for their adherence to the principles of infidelity, and for inattention to the duties of religion and morality, are now found publicly manifesting their attachment to the friends and the doctrines of Christianity.

With pleasure we have received the information, that several seminaries of learning have been favored with the special grace of God; and some of those youth who are selected hereafter to instruct public opinion and sentiment, have become disciples of a crucified Redeemer.

In addition to this general view of the good things which God has done for us, it is remarked that the Missionaries employed by the General Assembly, and by other missionary bodies within their bounds, have performed their services with fidelity, and in several instances, with considerable success. The gospel has been carried to their

remote places, and the sun of righteousness has shined with healing under his wings, upon some of the dark and benighted regions of our wilderness. A goodly number of churches have been organized during the past year, and now, in several places, there is an earnest cry for the stated preaching of the gospel, where ten years ago there were none who cared for these things. The missions to the poor blacks in our country, have also been in some degree, blessed by the hand of the church, and even the heart of the savage has been melted by the all-subduing grace of God.

It is pleasing also to remark, that in some places where idolatry appeared to have built her strong holds, the doctrine of Christ crucified has triumphed. The impious hierarchy of idolatry, which reduces to the level of a mere man our blessed Lord and Saviour, has been also, in some instances, considerably diminished.

The assembly cannot forbear mentioning here, with great satisfaction, the institution of several Bible Societies, in addition to the one established nearly two years ago, in Philadelphia. We thank God that he has put it into the hearts of the pious and benevolent of various denominations, to devise and furnish the means of sending the scriptures, which alone are able to make men wise unto salvation, to the poor and needy. And we anticipate with joy the happy effects which, it is hoped, will result from these institutions. It is our most ardent prayer that they may be increased, until all who dwell upon the earth, shall be favored with the word of God, the only infallible rule of faith and practice.

The assembly also acknowledge, with joy, the goodness of God in checking the progress of the errors, and healing the divisions which have prevailed for some years in a few of the western churches.

In producing the happy effects which have been just detailed, God has done honor to his word and ordinances. As the assembly cannot recognize as genuine, any work in the hearts of men, bearing the name of religion, but that which is produced by the instrumentality of truth, acknowledged and honored that truth; so they observe as usual, a confirmation of this great principle in the reports concerning the state of religion, at the several sessions. In these parts of the church, without exception, in which vital religion has flourished, in the course of the last year, the fundamental doctrines of the gospel; viz. "the total depravity of human nature, the divinity and atonement of Jesus Christ, justification by his imputed righteousness, the sovereignty and freeness of divine grace, and the special influence of the Holy Spirit in the regeneration and sanctification of sinners," have been decidedly received and honored.

The means, in addition to the preaching of the word, which God has owned and blessed, are catechizing and prayer meetings. And the assembly hail it as an auspicious omen, that, upon many of his people and churches God, has poured out a spirit of grace and supplication. We rejoice in being able to say that praying societies have considerably increased in the last twelve months. Let those who have been favored with the effusions of the Holy Spirit, persevere with increasing diligence, in the use of those means which it has pleased God to bless; and let those who are still in a state of languor and coldness, remember that it is only, in the diligent use of the means appointed by God, that they can expect to obtain his blessing. We recommend this the more earnestly, dear brethren, because, although the state of the church, on the whole is prospering, yet in some very extensive and populous regions of our country, religion declines, errors prevail, vice abounds, and souls are perishing. Let the friends of Jesus, throughout our land, united in one purpose, and animated by one spirit, rise to more vigorous exertions for the promotion of vital piety. Let their time, and their talents, and their all, be devoted to the cause of God and Christ. God has done and promised enough to encourage our hopes, and animate our labors. The time is approaching, when Jesus will come in the glory and majesty of his grace; proceed from conquest to conquest, and fill the whole earth with his salvation. Try, then, brethren, the utmost efficacy of prayer—and let every soul, with fervent cry, say, as, some quickly, Lord Jesus! Amen.

Attest,

JACOB J. JANEWAY,

Secret. Clerk.

JUST RECEIVED,

8 pipes Northern Gin, first quality.
40 barrels Superior Apples.

For sale by

John C. Ladd.

May 11.

ARMINIUS
No. 11.

The correspondence between Mr. Pinkney and the Marquis of Wellesley, relating to the dismission of Mr. Erskine by the American government, has been published. The transaction originates in the convention arranged with Mr. Erskine, and disapproved by the British cabinet.

It is now demonstrated, to the conviction of prejudice itself, that Mr. Erskine, not only transgressed his instructions, but acted in direct and plain opposition to them.

It has been also proved by arguments, supported by authorities, which all who read can comprehend, that our government had a right to act the powers with which this gentleman was invested. Such has been shown to be the inevitable range of action.

All those who negotiated on the part of the United States, viewed this right, and, as they now allege, received Mr. Erskine's assurances on the subject of his powers, in lieu of that better evidence, which they were entitled to see, they trusted to him, and the responsibility, if he has in reality deceived them, rests on him, and not on the government; whose authority he usurped and abused. That government, then, might justifiably refuse its assent to a treaty stipulated by an individual, who acted without those full powers, which imply the full confidence of his sovereign, and who violated these particular instructions which were substituted in their place. This refusal was no breach of faith; for the faith of the government was never pledged. It violated no duty, and required no apology.

The British cabinet, however, hastened to explain to the public and to the minister of the United States, the nature of the transaction, and so to modify their orders as to secure American merchants from the injuries to which their confidence in the convention had exposed them.

Mr. Jackson, the successor of Mr. Erskine, soon afterwards arrived in the United States, with full powers on the points in controversy between the two nations. Instead of entering into such a temperate discussion of those points, as a disposition really conciliatory would have suggested, our government took the lofty & untenable ground of a nation having a right to charge with perfidy that with which it was negotiating, and to demand new concessions, explanations and new propositions, which such a state of things might have justified. These haughty pretensions were communicated in language neither of friendship nor conciliation. It was resorted to with equal asperity; and Mr. Jackson, in consequence of expressions which were deemed insolent, without marking to him the offensive passages, or stating his conduct to those who employed him, was precipitately dismissed.

This subject was brought before the British cabinet by Mr. Pinkney, in a long and labored letter, which is evidently not free from exception. He entered again into the question of the rejection of Mr. Erskine's convention, and in a spirit of contentious controversy, travelled over the ground, which had been previously taken up by Mr. Smith and Mr. Jackson. Instead of requesting the recall of that minister, referring to the correspondence for the motives which had induced the rupture of all communication through him, Mr. Pinkney labored to prove that throughout the contest the United States were completely in the right, and England in the wrong; and which is a work of at least equal difficulty; that the language of Mr. Smith was mild and forbearing, while that of the British minister was haughty and insolent.

This letter was calculated to produce recrimination, and to stimulate to a more angry controversy which had been so unprofitably conducted at Washington. The Marquis of Wellesley, however, declined taking up the glove thrown down by Mr. Pinkney, and contented himself with saying that Mr. Jackson would certainly be recalled, but without any expression of displeasure on the part of his government.

Unless the British cabinet really thought itself and its minister in the wrong, a more moderate answer than this was not to be expected. Yet what given additional force to the chiefs of the democratic party, and has produced some consequences in the British intelligences, which, though not equally violent with the invective which prompted the arrival of Mr. Jackson, and gave a new prestige of his character, are not less calculated to influence the public opinion in favor of the American cause.

ARMINIUS

Standard Daily Opinel.

MONDAY, JUNE 11.

At a late election for governor, in Massachusetts, Mr. Gore had 53,070 votes, and Mr. Gerry 40,341—Scattering, 193. It is said that Mr. Gerry's constitutional majority is 1,155—the plurality of Mr. Gore's votes, 2,462.

The following production is copied from the New York "Public Advertiser." It is necessary to give it publicity, that the community may know to what lengths some of the democratic papers will proceed. The assertion of hostile feelings in the people of the Spanish Peninsula towards U. S. is not to be believed; the same, which arrived here on Sunday gives a later and very different account. The other parts of the letter are no doubt about as true. To be sure some savages may exist in North as well as in South America, who would delight in hanging Mr. Jackson. [The letter writer says he should be treated as a spy.] But Mr. Jackson, having done nothing to forfeit life, will not fear them; and knowing how to discriminate, he will not despise honest civilized citizens, when he reads the piece below.—*Ed. Op.*

Extract of a letter from a respectable gentleman in Caracas, to his friend in Cumana, dated April 10.

"A short time after I arrived here, official despatches to this government from Admiral Cochrane, on the West India station have been received, conveying information that the American government were fitting out at New York an expedition of three sail of armed vessels, and transports carrying 2000 troops of French exiles from St. Domingo and the island of Cuba, and adventures from the U. S. to invade and revolutionize this country.

"This information has received full credit, as it has been communicated by the former diplomatic character of the court of St. James in the U. S. Mr. Jackson officially to Admiral Cochrane, who deemed it his duty in consequence of the alliance between England and Spain, to give the earliest information to this government, that they might be prepared to repel a design so perfidious and hostile from a great power.

"This has again rung the Americans in to dispute in this country, and so immediately following the scandalous affair of Miranda, has destroyed all confidence of this government and people in the government of the U. S. who will suffer severely in their commercial intercourse by an attempt so nefarious. But I am convinced from the character of Jackson, and from the usual rectitude of the American administration, that such information is false, and given with no other design than to injure the commerce of the U. S. of which the government that Mr. Jackson represents are sufficiently jealous. This conduct of Jackson is no doubt a manifestation of his Copenhagen policy—a diplomatic character, whose residence near whatever government, is only for its ruin and disgrace, and his intention in this is palpably to enjoin the U. S. with the Spaniards, and to ruin their commerce with South America.

"If Mr. Jackson is a spy in the U. S. he certainly merits the fate of major Andre, the laws of nations and the rules of diplomacy might not to protect an infamous enemy whose designs strike at the very existence of the government near which he resides. If he resides only as a private individual in the U. S. he deserves the fate of all traitors, such is sound policy and justice."

"The Americans are without just political views, without honor and without energy."

DGC DE CARACAS.

When we read the pitiful whinnings of the leading democratic papers relative to our foreign relations, we are almost persuaded to believe the above very general reproach to be true. Notwithstanding the conduct of Bonaparte, which the most faithful of his friends cannot justly, notwithstanding his inability to injure us, except in his own ports, still our democracy fall down and worship him—Was there ever such infatuation? We cannot go to war with France, say they—if we are at war with Bonaparte, we shall be at war with all the world! We can then have no trade to the continent! We must see-

sume, or must suffer! We must again turn ourselves to one shell, for Napoleon is determined to kick us whenever he can get us! We must adopt the wise measures of the American people of Monticello or we are ruined. In other words we must take off our own noses, or the great, the mighty, the universal emperor and king, will bite them off for us. Is this the language of Americans? We say no!—It is the language of Frenchmen and every true hearted American ought to beware of such language. It has already nearly destroyed the national character, and if some other language is not soon spoken by the people, the American nation will be annihilated.

[New-York E. Post.]

NEW YORK, June 8.

By the British Packet Princess Mary, we have received a Halifax paper of the 28th ult. containing the following articles from London papers of the 24th of April, being one day later than by the Fair Helen.

Halifax, May 28.

The Atlantic and Unity sailed from Portsmouth on the 27th ult. with upwards of 30 sail of merchantmen for Quebec, &c. under convoy of his majesty's ship Owen Glendower, captain Selby.

LONDON, April 24.

Messrs. McKenzie and Dickinson, who sailed lately from Plymouth, to Morlaix, to negotiate respecting an exchange of prisoners have arrived at the latter place. They were received with every mark of respect, and immediately proceeded on their journey to Paris.

Letters have been received from Norway which state, that all the American ships in the ports of that country have been seized, and were in a course of adjudication; many of them had been condemned upon the most trifling pretence.

Nothing had arrived when this paper was put to press respecting the firing heard along the French coast yesterday morning, as mentioned in our Dover letter.

Letters from Klingsberg of the 9th inst. state that in pursuance of the system to be adopted throughout the Baltic, the court of Denmark has issued a decree, which is to be enforced with the utmost rigor, ordering that no neutral shall be allowed to pass the sound, or to land her cargo on the Danish territory, which shall not have come from some port of America, or direct from the West India Islands.

A private letter has been received from Paris dated the 30th inst. which repeats that the common topic of conversation in that city was, the re-establishment of a general peace, through the mediation of the emperor of Austria.

BALTIMORE, June 3.

Latest from Spain and Portugal.

By the ship Augustus, captain Bacchus, from Lisbon, whose arrival was noticed last evening, we have accounts three days latest from Portugal and four days latest from Cadiz. Captain B. left Lisbon on the 17th April, at which time, the allied army of Portugal and British troops on the frontiers was understood to be 100,000 strong. The recent reinforcements from England being considerable, the portion of British troops was rated at 30,000 effective men well equipped. The combined armies rather courted than apprehended an attack from the French; whose advance was not talked of at Lisbon, where great confidence continued as to their safety.

Previous to the sailing of the Augustus, they had accounts from Cadiz to the 12th April [two days later than the fabricated account of its capture.] No advance had been made by the invaders for the last week. On the contrary, the French troops, it is said, had abandoned Port St. Mary's, whence the city obtained water as usual.

It was supposed that the French generals withdrew their troops, either from fear of being duped (cut off by advancing too far) or in order for a concentration of force and vigorous attack on the combined armies covering Portugal, and which it might be feared would advance should their opponents continue much longer wasting their resources under the walls of Cadiz. The whole island of Leon becomes stronger and more inaccessible every day, inasmuch that Cadiz can only be reduced (if it ever fall) by a protracted and costly siege. They have cut a canal across the island about mid way, or six miles from the city, and have fortified the city side, mounting heavy cannon in such positions as to command the gut and take the causeway; so that should the French become possessed of the end near the main, they can only approach the city, under the fire of the British fleet and gun boats in the canal, and of the can-

non on the adverse bank. We are assured that the French will be the last of France, and that Cadiz will surrender. The surrender is not expected.

SIEGE OF CADIZ.—From the incessant attacks of the island of Leon, the just cause of the Spanish nation, and the energy and resources of their British allies, the present prospects of the people of Cadiz are not so gloomy as by former accounts. We do not so much expect as we hope for the emancipation of Spain, yet certain it is, that the numerous French hordes have been caught out and destroyed the country, that great difficulty is experienced by the sanguinary King Joe in supplying his brother's troops with provisions; every thing must be conveyed from a great distance, which costs time, labor and money. These fierce Dogs of War, impatient of delay, are terrible in the open field; but are not much disposed to face famine and wear out their strength in pelting the walls of a city, whose banks and church-plate they cannot reach. The French soldier has been too much indulged in stripping altars and bearing off church furniture, to sink down willingly into a mere Battering Ram, with which to knock against fortifications, whose known strength defies the thumps, and in whose bosom, if forced, would be found cannon, bullets and knives, substituted for the gold and valuables prudently shipped before the fall.

The undersigned Vice-Consul of Spain for this district, is authorized by His Catholic Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary for the United States of America, to publish the following extract of a letter from the Intendant of Havana, dated 27th of April, to the said minister.

Under date of the 27th April last, I am informed by the Intendant of Havana, that our king Ferdinand the 7th, and in his name the regency of the kingdom, has been pleased under the existing circumstances, to grant to neutrals and allies, admittance in the ports of Havana, Cuba, Trinidad and Matanzas, with such articles as are stipulated, in the commercial arrangement of free trade of 1773, conditioned that the proceeds of importation shall be exported in the fruits or produce of the island, causing by this means and the same terms in extension of the trade to the inhabitants of that island and all the permitted ports thereof. But to prevent any contraband trade or importation of French produce or manufactures, it will be required that such shipments be accompanied by his majesty's consular certificates in their respective ports of clearance, without which documents no vessel will be admitted to an entry. I communicate this to you, in order to publish the same to such individuals or merchants, within your consulate to whom it may concern that in no instance they may alledge ignorance. Requesting you to give me timely notice after the execution of the same.

(Signed) PAUL CHACON.

Stolen Horses.

STRAYED OR STOLEN from the subscribers, on Friday night the 11th inst. two likely HORSES:—One a dark bay, about fifteen hands and a half high, eight or nine years old, shod all round, a natural trotter and goes rough. The other a sorrel, about fourteen and a half hands high, six years old, spars and trots, his right leg has been hurt at the first joint above the foot, which makes it a little larger than the other, has a long switch tail, and is nicked, his mane is drawn out for five or six inches near the middle of his neck. A reward of Twenty Dollars will be paid on the delivery of the horses, or Ten Dollars for either, by

Richard Vanpelk, and John Ball.

West-end, near Alexandria, May 26. law3t

FOR SALE.

A strong WAGON and TEAM, part Mules and part Horses, with harness for five. One third of the purchase money being paid, a credit of two and four months may be had for the remainder, giving negotiable notes with an approved endorser. Apply to David Watkins, at Strawberry Hill, or to William Hamphorne.

5th mo 28. law3w
HOGE of a good breed for sale, also GREEN CLOVER, at Four Shillings per hundred weight.

Madder.

JUST Received, a few hundred pounds of 1st. Art quality Madder—And for sale by
BRYAN HAMPTON & CO.
May 10.

NOTICE.

That part of *Mad. Green* notified for sale at public auction, that day, having been sold, will not take place.

June 11.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY, April 23, 1840, from the undersigned, a black male slave, named *Count Henry*, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, thin, black, he has a scar on his forehead and a scar on his right foot between his toes, his fore teeth stand wide. He took with him a black and white spotted dog. Whoever takes up said fellow and secures him so that I get him again shall receive the above reward.

Thomas Clagett.

N. B. Masters of vessels and others are cautioned against harboring or carrying off said fellow.
June 9. law3w

SCHEME OF A LOTTERY.

To enlarge and improve

THE BALTIMORE HOSPITAL.

FIRST CLASS.

	Dolls.	Dolls.
1 Prize of	\$25,000.00	\$25,000
1	10,000	10,000
1	5,000	5,000
2	2,000	4,000
3	1,000	3,000
15	500	7,500
30	200	6,000
50	100	5,000
100	50	5,000
2340	30	70,200
2,556 Prizes amounting to		180,000
5,444 Blanks		

3,000 Tickets at 20 dollars each. 180,000

Fifteen per cent. discount, leaves for the institution and expenses, \$1,000

STATIONARY PRIZES OF THE ABOVE.

First drawn	Ticket on the	
1st day	1,000	5,000
2d do	200	500
3d do	300	300
4th do	500	500
5th do	1,000	500
6th do	500	500
7th do	500	500
8th do	500	500

The drawing of the above lottery will commence on the first Monday in September next, and will be completed at sixteen drawings.

Whole, Half, Quarters and Eighths of Tickets in the above Lottery.

FOR SALE BY

R. Gray, King Street.

Where information as to the sale of all tickets sold by him will be given gratis. Prize tickets in the Union College Lottery taken in payment for tickets in this lottery. May 11.

NOTICE.

THE Creditors of the house of Clineham and McGaw, formerly of Alexandria, merchants, are requested to transmit their respective claims duly authenticated to W. Strong, esq. counsellor at law, No. 114, Burdett Street, New York. The object of this request is to ascertain the entire amount of all claims on the said house, in the city of Alexandria and its vicinity, as preparatory to making some proposition for their final settlement. As it will be impracticable to submit to the creditors any specific proposition, until the whole amount of the debts known, it is of consequence that they should all send to this notice, and have their claims entered for the period for transmitting their accounts to be protected beyond the 30th day of June next.

New York, May 25—26.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to me are requested to come forward and settle their accounts, as no longer indulgence will be given, and all persons having any claims against me are requested to bring them forward, that they may be settled.

John F. Smith.

June 9.

JUST RECEIVED.

And for sale by Anthony Bladen, Prince Street.

24 Casks of excellent New England CHEESE.

June 9.

For Rent.

A CONVENIENT two story house, with a large garden, situated on Cornhill Street, between St. Asaph and Elm streets. Apply to

John D. Lusk.

GENUINE MEDICINES.

THE LATEST MEDICINE, 1818, is now
 prepared from the original recipe in
 possession of the discoverer, and is, by
 whom they are prepared and without whose
 signature none are genuine.

Oblique Cough, Colds, Asthma,
&c.

Are immediately relieved and speedily cur-
 ed by the use of

HAMILTON'S ELIXIR FOR COUGHS.

DEAR bought experience has taught thou-
 sands that only and heated medicines, joined
 with strong opiates or sleepy drugs, repeat-
 ed doses of which flatter and deceive the pa-
 tient for the present, by procuring momentary
 ease; experience, I say, has taught thou-
 sands, that the common opiates and bal-
 samics, as they are called, finally aggravate
 every disorder of the breast and lungs, in-
 crease the most distressing symptoms: that they
 excite the stomach and impair the digestion,
 inflame the whole system, increase the diffi-
 culty of breathing and excite fever. But the
 qualities of this valuable discovery are
 evinced by perfectly opposite effects. A sin-
 gle trial will prove, that it restores the de-
 termination of the fluids to the surface of the
 body, and brings on the common healthful
 perspiration—that it dissolves and evacuates
 the tough viscid phlegm or mucus, strength-
 ens the weakened vessels of the lungs,
 checks the acrimonious humor which irri-
 tates them, and finally discharges it. Thus
 striking at the foot of the disorder, the
 symptoms are of course effectually and per-
 manently conquered; the reverse of common
 medicines, which weaken the constitution and
 give strength to the disorder for the sake of
 moderating for the present some of its pain-
 ful effects.

To parents who have children afflicted with
 the whooping cough, this discovery is of the
 first magnitude, as it affords immediate re-
 lief, checks the progress, and in a short time
 entirely removes the most cruel disorder to
 which children are liable. The elixir is so
 perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small
 that no difficulty arises in taking it.

Selected Recommendations.

Being desirous to make public for the good
 of others, the excellent quality of Hamil-
 ton's elixir, prepared by the late Mr. Lee, I
 have sent you the following account of the
 benefit I have received from it; which I hope
 will induce others to give it a trial. In con-
 sequence of a bruise on the breast received
 from a fall, my health grew bad, my breath-
 ing became very difficult, and frequently I
 have had suddenly to rise up in my bed with
 all the horrors of immediate suffocation.—
 Add to these a constant pain in my breast,
 and a cough, a great loss of strength & flesh,
 and you may conceive that my symptoms
 evidently indicated an approaching consump-
 tion. The advice of a most eminent physi-
 cian was resorted to, and afterwards a second
 was called in, but without giving me any re-
 lief. Another physician who knew me and
 the circumstances of my case, advised me to
 give Hamilton's Elixir a trial, saying he had
 used it in his practice and always found it to
 do much good. A bottle was procured from
 Mr. Birch's, and I found relief before I had
 taken half of it. I continued to use it & was
 soon strong to attend to business. On taking
 cold, some of my former symptoms return,
 but are always removed by a dose or two of
 the elixir.

George Benner, jun.
 no. 11. Budd street, Philadelphia.
 Mrs. H. Lee, New York.

Mr. Abijah Henly, Bridge street, Balti-
 more, was cured by one bottle of Hamilton's
 Elixir, of a very complicated disorder, occa-
 sioned by a very severe cold caught several
 months ago. He breathed with the greatest
 difficulty, and was often thrown into weak-
 ness, when he attempted to walk any
 distance, and his voice would frequently fail
 in such a degree that he could only attempt
 to whisper. He has been upwards of six
 weeks without a return of his complaints,
 and desires to give his public testimony in
 favor of this invaluable medicine.

Is Cured.

By once using Lee's Sovereign Ointment.
 The proprietor informs those persons and fa-
 milies who are suffering under this disease,
 against the infection of which no person is
 safe, that if this ointment is used at night on
 going to bed it never fails to procure a cure
 by the following morning, as thousands who
 have used it during the last ten years can tes-
 tify. The peculiar excellencies of this in-
 fallible remedy for the lick, above every o-
 ther, are the certainty of the cure by a single
 application; the ingredients being so inno-
 cent as to be applied with perfect safety to
 the most delicate infant; and its being not only
 free from any offensive smell, but equally a-
 greable with the pleasantest perfume.

Dr. Hamilton's Grand Balsam.

Which the inventor confidently recom-
 mends as an infallible medicine for the
 speedy relief, and permanent cure of various

complaints which result from disordered
 Plethora, jaundice, indigestion, &c. &c.
 in climates unfavorable to the constitution.
 It is one of the frequent causes of
 or any destructive hemorrhage, &c. &c.
 falling on the head, or of Mercury, the disease
 peculiar to women at a certain period of
 life, and many more.

HAMILTON'S CELEBRATED WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES.

Among the symptoms attending Worms
 are, disagreeable breath, especially in the
 morning—bad and corrupt gums—itching in
 the nose, and about the seat—convulsions,
 epileptic fits, and sometimes a privation of
 speech—irregular appetite, sometimes in-
 creased food and sometimes voracious—purging
 with slimy and flatulose stools—vomiting—large
 and hard belly—pains and sickness at the sto-
 mach—pains in the head and limbs, with
 loss of sleep—slow fever, with small
 and irregular pulse—a dry cough—excessive
 thirst—sometimes pale and unhealthy coun-
 tenance, and sometimes the face bloated and
 swelled.

Persons afflicted with any of the above
 symptoms, should have immediate recourse
 to Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges
 which have been constantly attended with
 success in all complaints similar to those above
 described.

Hahn's true and Genuine German Corn Plaster.

An infallible remedy for Corns; speedily
 removing them root and branch, without giv-
 ing pain.

Genuine Persian Lotion,
 The Restorative Powder—for the Teeth
 and Gums.

Hahn's Genuine Eye Water,
 A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the
 eyes.

**Hamilton's Essence and Extract
 of Mustard,**

For Rheumatism, Gout, Palsy, Swellings,
 Numbness, &c.

Tooth Ache Drops,
 The only remedy yet discovered, which
 gives immediate and lasting relief in the
 most severe instances.

The Anodyne Elixir,
 For the cure of every kind of head ache.

The Damask Lip Salve.

Infallible Ague and Fever Drops.
 Sold only by James Kennedy, sen
 Bookseller, King Street, Alexandria, who
 has long been sole agent for the sale of the
 genuine preparations.

Hannah Lee,
 New York, 25th Feb.

Public Sale.

By virtue of a deed of trust from William
 Hodgson to the subscriber, to secure the
 payment of a debt due from him to the
 Bank of Potomac, will be exposed to auc-
 tion, on the premises, on the 23d day of
 JUNE next, the following Property in the
 town of Alexandria, to wit:—

One piece or parcel of Ground
 with the improvements thereon, lying on the
 south side of Prince street and bounded as fol-
 lows:—Beginning on Prince street 23 feet to
 the eastward of Water street, and running
 thence eastwardly with Prince street 23 feet,
 thence southwardly 44 feet 4 inches, thence
 westwardly 23 feet, thence northwardly to
 the beginning.

ALSO,
One other piece of Ground,
 with the improvements thereon, lying & be-
 ing on the south side of Prince street 45 feet
 to the eastward of Water street, and running
 thence eastwardly with Prince street 40 feet,
 thence southwardly 44 feet, thence westwardly
 40 feet, thence to the beginning.

ALSO,
One other piece or parcel of
 unimproved Ground, lying on the north side
 on Prince street & to the westward of Wash-
 ington street; beginning at the intersection
 of those streets and running westwardly with
 Prince street 62 feet 5 inches, thence north-
 wardly 70 feet, thence eastwardly 63 feet 5
 inches to Washington street, thence to the
 beginning.

This property will be sold upon a credit of
 one, two and three years, for notes negotia-
 ble in the Bank of Potomac, with approved
 endorsers, carrying interest from the day of
 sale. A lien will be required upon the prop-
 erty sold to secure the payments.

Thomas Swann, Trustee.
 May 12—17.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the sub-
 scriber has taken out Letters of Admin-
 istration, in the County Court of Fairfax, on
 the estate of Obadiah Cornett, deceased: All
 persons having claims against the said
 estate, either as Creditors or Distributees
 thereof, are requested to make them known
 to the subscriber, living near the Great Falls
 of Potomac.

John S. Cartwright,
 Administrator of O. Cornett, dec'd.
 May 29.

Forty Dollars Reward.

BE AN AWAY from the subscriber, on the
 10th of December last, negro DANIEL,
 who is 35 years old, 5 feet 10 or 11 inch-
 tall, tolerably black, high cheek bones, he
 has an opening between his front teeth hav-
 ing the appearance of one lost, remarkable
 round shoulders and slender waist—he is by
 profession a Barber, has lost much of his re-
 ligion; and is fond of talking on that subject—
 he has appeared to be very unwell for two or
 three years past and has done nothing: be-
 fore that time he was a good hand to put up
 post and rail fence, and ditching, which he
 no doubt will engage in should he get a dis-
 tance from home—he is good at all kinds of
 plantation work. It is believed he is still in
 the neighborhood of Alexandria where he has
 a wife, and is harbored by the negroes be-
 longing, or who have lately belonged to the
 estate of Benjamin Dulany, Esq. and their
 connections.

I will give the above reward if secured in
 jail so that I get him again, and reasonable
 charges if brought home.

John Dulin.
 May 7. Saw 111

Land for Sale.

IN pursuance of a decree of the worship-
 ful court of King George county, we the
 subscribers, commissioners therein named,
 will expose to public sale to the highest bid-
 der on the premises for ready cash, on Tues-
 day the 12th of June next, one undivided mo-
 tie of the TRACT OF LAND lying in the
 county of Fairfax, on the waters of Difficult
 Run, about fifteen miles from Alexandria—
 the Little River Turnpike Road passing thro'
 the tract. This land was conveyed by a deed
 of gift from John Ashton, sen. to Charles H.
 Ashton and others, and is sold to satisfy a
 debt due Austin Smith from said Charles H.
 Ashton.

William Moss,
 Joseph Powell,
 William Payne,
 Richard Fitzhugh,
 Richard Ratcliffe.

May 9. Saw 111

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber, after a lapse of time
 necessarily consumed in the prepara-
 tion of his house, respectfully announces to
 the citizens of Alexandria, as well as the
 community at large, that he has taken for a
 term of years that noted and eligible estab-
 lishment known by the name of the CITY
 HOTEL, and once occupied by Mr. Gausby,
 whose distinguished abilities as a Publican
 gave it an eclat which the subscriber hopes to
 preserve by his unremitting exertions in
 affording to all those who may confer on him
 the favor of their patronage, genteel and com-
 fortable accommodations. The subscriber
 deems it unnecessary to indicate the multi-
 plicity of conveniences attached to the City
 Hotel, and will only submit a description to
 that portion of travellers who have so gen-
 erally attested its numerous advantages.

James Brook.

E LEWIS

HAS JUST RECEIVED,
 A handsome assortment of Fashion-
 able STRAW BONNETS.

ALSO,
 Figured Silks and Satins, and
 a variety of articles in the MILLINERY
 LINE.

She intends removing her store in a
 few weeks to her dwelling house, a short dis-
 tance from King street, and nearly opposite
 Mr. Ambrose Vasse's warehouse.

May 9. colf

PUBLIC SALE.

On the third Monday in June next, the sub-
 scriber will expose to sale at Fairfax Court
 House, on a credit of six and nine months,
 A small Tract of Land,

LYING on the east side of the stage road
 from Alexandria to Colchester, at the
 place commonly called the "Five Foot Hill,"
 supposed to contain 35 and half acres—be-
 longing to the estate of William Huskins, de-
 ceased.

Mary Huskins, Executrix.
 May 31. col 18th June

TO RENT.

A convenient STORE and DWELLING,
 on Fairfax street, lately occupied by Haw-
 kins and Alden. Apply to

Jacob Butts.

JUST RECEIVED,

And preparing for sale by the subscriber,
 A LARGE AND HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF
 Buck, Doe and Fawn Skins,
 Which are suitable for Ladies' extra long
 habit, and Gentlemen's Gloves—Likewise,
 Pantaloon, Mockskins, Suspender, &c. &c.
 Samuel Hattersley,
 Upper end of King street.

N. B. All kinds of Poultry dressed with the
 Fur on.
 June 2 col 11

5000 Acres of Land for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale a number
 of very valuable Tracts of Land in that
 part of the county of Fairfax called the "ANY
 FURNACE."

He can most confidently affirm that his dis-
 cussion is clear and unimpeachable—this he wishes
 to impress on every mind, and remove any prejudice
 that may exist in the minds of those disposed
 to purchase Georgia Land. The tracts now
 for sale are situated between the Occoquan and
 Occoquan rivers, and are within the last pur-
 chase made of the Indians by the state of
 Georgia. The tract of land of Georgia to en-
 courage the population of the district as well
 as to benefit the inhabitants of the state, had
 the purchase surveyed and divided into lots of
 squares of 2 and half acres each, and grant-
 ed a letter restricting the sale of tickets to
 the citizens of Georgia at a low price, the
 price to consist of lots within the purchase—
 a number of these lots the subscriber now of-
 fers for sale, some are in the vicinity of the
 city of Milledgeville, the permanent seat of
 the state government, its present white popu-
 lation exceeds 1500 souls—it is situated
 upon the verge of the Oconee, which is na-
 vigable for boats that carry from fifteen to
 twenty tons, to Darlen, upon the Atlantic—
 indeed the whole purchase is becoming very popu-
 lous, & those disposed to engage in south-
 ern agriculture, or to purchase upon specu-
 lation, cannot do better than to avail them-
 selves of this opportunity to obtain good lands
 now for sale. Several of the tracts are con-
 tiguous to each other and some in the neigh-
 borhood of flourishing county towns; some
 unite many desirable advantages. The country
 generally is well supplied with branches,
 creek streams, rivers, and springs that con-
 stantly flow. Many of the tracts now adver-
 tised have the advantage of fine timber and
 mill seats.

Those inclined to become purchasers may
 know the terms by applying to the subscriber
 living at Alexandria, in the district of Co-
 lumbia.

Anthony Dyer,
 May 22. law 2m

To RENT.

And immediate possession given,
 A very commodious Brick Dwell-
 ing and Warehouse, all in good order, situ-
 ated on King street in the neighborhood of
 good water, and an excellent stand for busi-
 ness. Also, three other Brick Dwellings on
 the same street, one of which has a good
 warehouse for a grocery store and the situa-
 tion equally good for business—the rents of
 all the above property will be made reason-
 able.

Andrew Schofield.

A MILLER WANTED.

AFTER the 1st day of August, I shall
 be in want of a MILLER to attend a
 country mill; to a person of good character,
 and none other need apply, liberal wages
 will be given.

N. Ellicott.
 col 1 A

Coach-making, in all its various

Branches.

E. P. TAYLOR.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends
 and the public, that he continues to
 carry on the Coach-making business in all its
 various branches, at the shop in Fairfax
 street, formerly occupied by Allen and Tay-
 lor, where all orders in his line of business
 will be strictly attended.

From an establishment of three years in
 the above line of business he is able to say,
 as a proof of his workmanship, he has many
 vouchers.

Gentlemen who may please to favor him
 with their orders for Carriages of any kind
 or description, may depend on having their
 work executed with neatness and strength.

N. B. All kinds of Carriages and Harness
 made and repaired with neatness and dis-
 patch.

FOR SALE.

A second hand Coach with Harness.

Orphans' Court.

Alexandria County, June Term, 1810.
 Ordered, that the administrator of Wm.
 I. Hall, deceased, do insert the following ad-
 vertisement three times in each week for
 four weeks in the Alexandria Daily Gazette-
 Tests.

Alex. Moore, Register.
 This is to give Notice.

That the subscriber of Alexandria county,
 in the district of Columbia, has obtained from
 the Orphans' Court of said County letters of
 administration on the estate of Wm. Jas. Hall,
 late of the county aforesaid, deceased: all
 persons having claims against the said dec'd
 are hereby warned to exhibit the same with
 the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or
 before the 20th day of December next, or they
 may by law be excluded from all benefit to
 said estate. And those indebted thereto are
 requested to make immediate payment. Given
 under my hand this 5th day of June,
 1810.

James Sanderson, Adm'r.